

NAME: _____

DATE: _____

Grammar Self-check
(Unit 14, page 120)

GRAMMAR. Conditions and results in the future

Look at these examples of statements that express conditions.

If the weather is nice,	I'm going to go to the beach.
If the weather isn't nice,	I'm going to sleep late.
If she has enough time,	she's going to see the movie again.
If she stays home,	she's going to relax. OR
She's going to relax	if she stays at home.

FIGURE IT OUT . . .

A. Do the following:

1. Look at the examples in the box again. Underline the part in each sentence that expresses a condition.
2. Circle the part in each sentence that expresses a future result.

B. Write *T* for true or *F* for false.

1. An if-clause can come only before a main or result clause. _____
2. When the if-clause comes before the main clause, we use a comma. _____
3. When the if-clause comes after the main clause, we don't use a comma. _____